

LITECRETE, Inc. 8095 NW 64 ST MIAMI, FL. 33166 305.500.9373 www.LITECRETE.com



#### Cellular Concrete LLC.

Established Mid 40s

First ACI Manual 1954



#### **ACI 229**

Controlled low-strength material (LD-CLSM)

A cementitious material that is in a flowable state at the time of placement and having a specified compressive strength of 1,200 psi 84.3 kg/cm or less at the age of 28 days. For most applications the compressive does not exceed 300 psi 21kg/cm. This makes it possible for the material to be removed should excavation be necessary



## ACI 523 Guide for Cellular Concrete

Low-density cellular concrete is defined as concrete made with hydraulic cement water and preformed foam to form a hardened material having an oven dry density of 50 pounds 22.7 kg or less. These mixtures may include aggregate and other material components including but not limited to, fly ash and chemical admixtures.





- Preformed
   ACI 523
   Produced by foam generator
- Agitated
   ACI 229
   Produced by the mixing action of
   the concrete mixer



# Stable Preformed Foam





Quality foaming agents are resistant to high carbon fly ashes, do not have any restrictions of placement time of the lightweight concrete, and are well suited for large Geotechnical applications.



# Light Weight Aggregate ASTM C 332 Group 1

- Vermiculite
- Perlite

Used to reduce slump to achieve steeper roof slopes, and to maintain moisture in dry climates



- Special cements, supplement cementitious material and aggregates may be included as nonstandard materials.
- Lo-density cellular concrete may include commercially available fibers, such as nylon, polypropylene, polyester. Cellular concrete's flexural and tensile strength, impact resistance, fatigue limit can be enhanced with synthetic fibers.



- Foams are the last ingredient added to the mix and do not expand or contract after addition.
- The combination can withstand vigorous mixing and has been pumped well over a 1000 ft / 305 meters with little loss of density.
- The cement paste, coats each air cells and hardens.



#### **ASTM C 796 – 04**

Standard Test Method for Foaming Agents for Use in Producing Cellular Concrete Using Preformed Foam

ASTM: C 495 - 99a

Standard Test Method for Compressive Strength of Lightweight Insulating Concrete

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Correct Cylinder Breaks

Cylinders specimens are 3x6"
50% relative humidity curing
Air dried 3 days Before Test
No 3 or 7 day testing

28 compressive strength testing



**Incorrect** 

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- Economical
- Easily placed by pump or gravity for rapid installation
- > Durable and noncorrosive
- > Permanent and stable
- Provides 100% compaction
- Broad range of densities
- > Absorbs shock
- > High freeze-thaw resistance
- Insulating



### CELLULAR CONCRETE STRENGTH / DENSITY CHART

#### **NEAT CEMENT (NO SAND) MIXES (1)**

The following chart illustrates the various properties of Weight Density(lb./c.f.), Compressive Strength, (psi), and Thermal Conductivity values attainable with various volumes of preformed foam additions to Neat Cement Mixes.

Wet Density lb/ft3	Dry Density lb/ft3	Compressive Strength(2) lb/in2	"k" Thermal Conductivity Btu in/h ft2 ºF	Portland Cement lbs/yd3	Foam Volume ft3/yd3	Foam Liquid Concentrate Weight,lb/yd3
20	16	50	0.54	328	22.7	2.17
25	20	80	0.60	420	21.5	2.06
30	25	140	0.67	512	20.3	1.94
35	29	210	0.76	603	19.1	1.83
40	34	330	0.87	695	17.9	1.71
45	38	450	0.98	787	16.7	1.60
50	43	640	1.06	878	15.5	1.48
55	47	790	1.20	970	14.3	1.37
60	51	930	1.33	1062	13.1	1.25



## CELLULAR CONCRETE STRENGTH / DENSITY CHART

#### **SAND / CEMENT GROUT MIXES**

The following chart illustrates the various properties of Weight Density(lb./c.f.), Compressive Strength, (psi), and Thermal Conductivity values attainable with various volumes of preformed foam additions to Sand / Cement Mixes.

(Based on dry sand/cement ration of 300 lb. sack and 8.75 sacks cement/ yd3 of unfoamed grout)

Wet Density lb/ft3	Dry Density lb/ft3	Compressive Strength(2) Ib/in2	"k" Thermal Conductivity Btu in/h ft2 <u>°F</u>	Portland Cement Ibs/yd3	Sand dry (lbs)	Water (US Gal)		Liquid Concentrate Veight,lb/yd3
90	85	500	3.30	512	1640	32.8	10.10	.88
95	90	1,000	3.70	542	1730	34.6	9.10	.79
100	95	1,500	4.10	570	1815	36.5	8.20	.71
105	100	2,000	4.50	600	1915	38.3	7.30	.63
110	105	2,500	5.00	630	2010	40.2	6.40	.56
115	110	3,000	5.50	658	2100	42.0	5.40	.47
120	115	3,500	6.00	688	2190	43.8	4.50	.39
125	120	4,000	6.60	714	2280	45.7	3.50	.31

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Cellular concrète has been pumped over 500' vertically and over 5000' horizontally



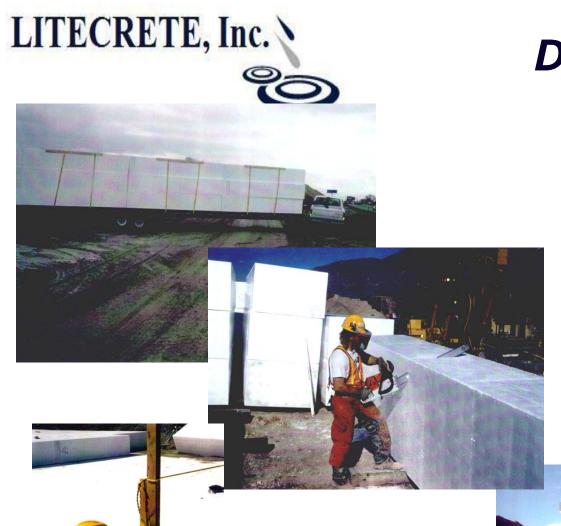
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## **Flexible**







# Difficult/Expensive EPS

Chemical Degradation
Flammability
Ultraviolet Radiation
Insects
Buoyancy
Water Absorption
Differential Icing
Design Life

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## **Field Production**











## As Cast / Wet Density







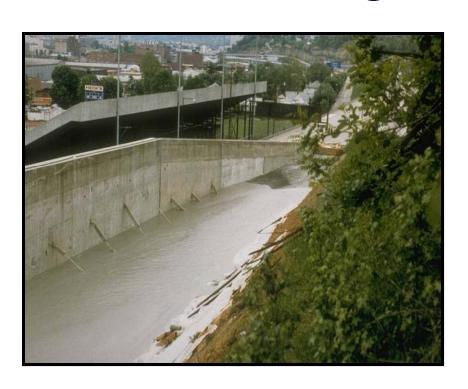
#### Poor Soil Replacement



- > Load Reduction
- > 100% Compaction
- > Seismic Stability
- > Site Utilization



## Retaining walls - backfill



- Reduced Lateral Load
- > Reduced Dead Load
- > 100% Compaction
- > Rapid Installation



## Bridge Approach



- > 100% Compaction
- > Will Not Liquefy
- > Fast Installation
- > Very Stable



## **Tremie Applications**



- **► Very Fluid** 
  - > Full Encasement



#### **Annuals Grouting**

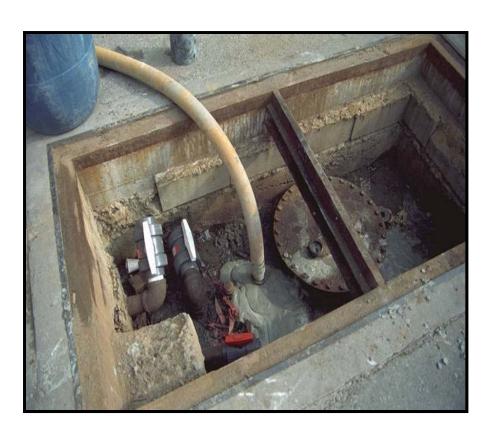


#### Tunnel Backfill





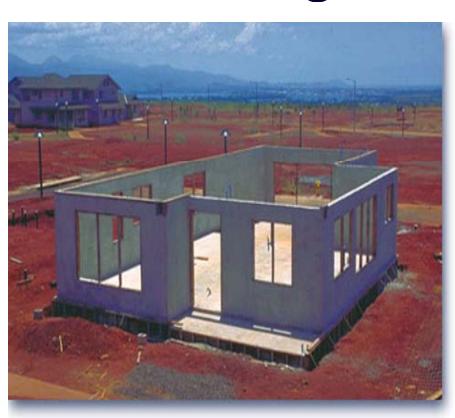
## **Underground Pipes**



- > Pipe Beds
- > Easy to Place
- > Easy to Remove
- > Stable



## Housing



- > Fast Construction
- > Vermin Proof
- > Fire Proof



#### Sound Walls



- >Light Weight
- > Sound Absorption
  - ➤ Ideal for highways and airports



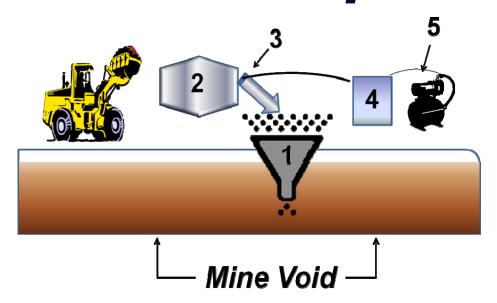
## Mining



- > Mine Fires
- > Mine Closures



## Material Transportation



> Tailing Disposal

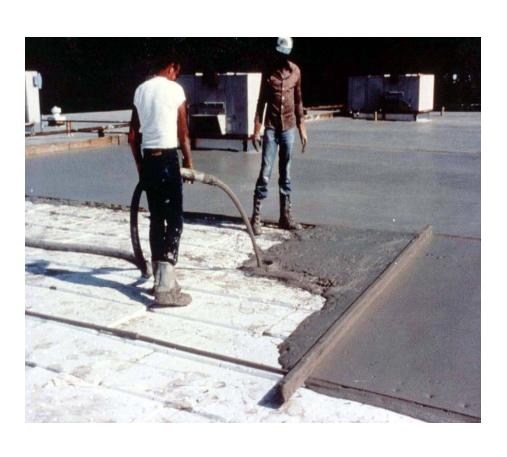


## Engineered Material Arresting System





# LITECRETE, Inc. Roof Decks



- > Insulation
- > Fire Rating
- > Wind Uplift
- > Custom Slope
- > Economical

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Pervious Cellular Concrete.wmv

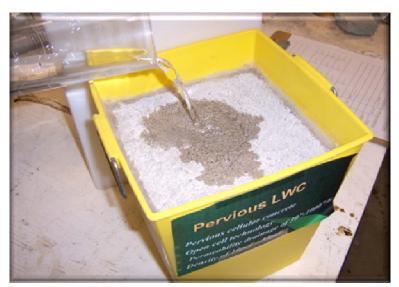




Cellular Concrete won the award for most innovative permeable concrete in last year's "World of Concrete."

Attendees and Experts Choice





- Pervious cellular concrete
- Open cell technology
- Permeability drainage of .007 cm/sec to .7 cm/sec
- Density of 20pcf 40pcf



#### Water Detention/Retention Per Cu Ft

Geofoam Permeable Typical Pervious Fill

4.8 Gallons 18.1 Liters 2.6 Gallons 9.8 Liters

45% More Detention/Retention



Cubic Yards Needed to <u>Detain</u> 1000 Gallons 3784 liters Water

Geofoam Permeable

Typical Pervious Fill

210 Cubic Yards 156 Cubic Meters

381 Cubic Yards 291 Cubic Meters

45 % Less Excavation



#### Truck Loads / 1000 Cu Yards / 765 cu Meters

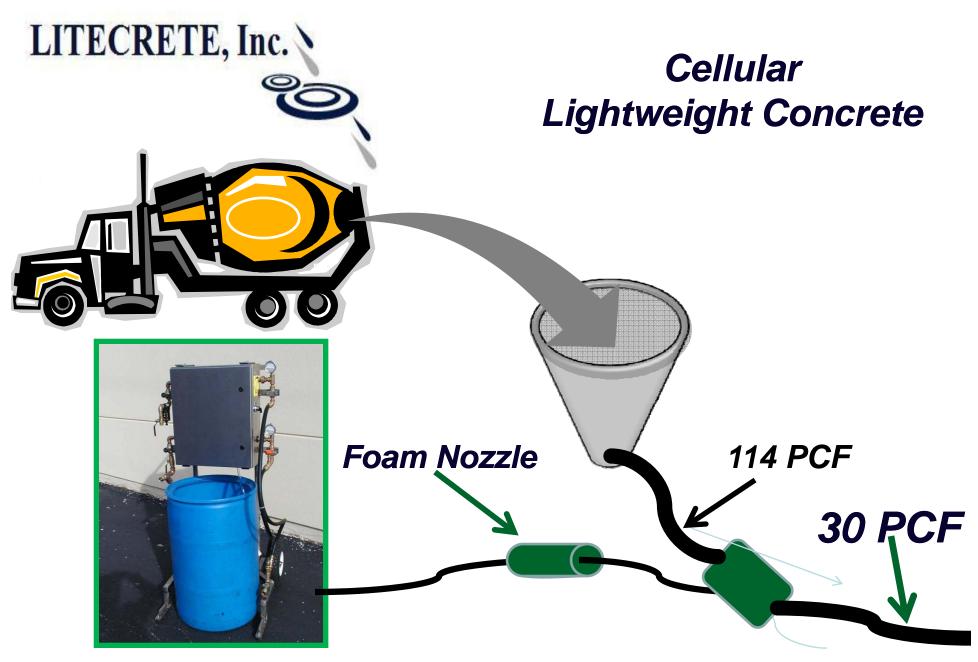
Geofoam 10 Trucks







87% Less Trucking 87% Less Fuel 87% Less Carbon Emissions



**Auto Foam Generator** 



45% Less Excavation

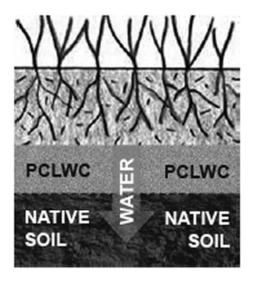
55% Less Trucks

45% More Detention/Retention











The new Met Stadium

New York





- 45% Less Excavation
- > 2000 Less Trucks
- > 87% Less Dead Load
- 100% Compaction



Sports complex - drainage

Retaining walls - backfill

Pervious pavement – sub-base filtration

Foundation drainage

Pipeline bedding / Culvert Fill

**Greenhouse Floors** 

Landscaping

Pool Backfill

Mine Fires / Mine Closures Tailings Disposal

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## **Applications**



- Tunnel Backfill & Annular Fill
- Replacement for Unstable Soils
- Load Reducing Engineered Fill
- Fill Underground Tanks
- Bridge Approach & Landslip Repair
- Impact Absorption
- > Tremie Applications
- Fill Abandon Pipelines
- Roadway Fill
- Reduce Carbon Emissions



# Any Questions?